

Entrez-PubMed



PubMed

Nucleotide

Protein

Genome

Structure

PopSet

Taxonomy

OMIM

Search

PubMed

for

Limits

Preview/Index

History

Clipboard

About Entrez

Entrez PubMed
Overview
Help | FAQ
New/Noteworthy

PubMed Services
Journal Browser
MeSH Browser
Single Citation Matcher
Batch Citation Matcher
Clinical Queries
Cubby NEW

Related Resources
Order Documents
Grateful Med
Consumer Health
Clinical Alerts
ClinicalTrials.gov

Privacy Policy

☐ 1: *Sci Total Environ* 1994 Aug 2;152(2):161-7

Related Articles, Books, LinkOut

Unusually high blood cadmium associated with cigarette smoking among three subgroups of the general population, Quebec, Canada.

Benedetti JL, Dewailly E, Turcotte F, Lefebvre M

Centre de toxicologie du Quebec, Centre hospitalier de l'universite Laval, Canada.

Blood cadmium levels were measured in 554 persons without any known professional exposure to this metal. They were grouped in three samples; one entirely of 142 Inuit, one of 212 caucasian city dwellers and one of 200 caucasian rural residents. While blood cadmium levels measured in non-smokers are comparable to those reported in published reports, those of current cigarette smokers were 10-20 times higher than non-smokers. These blood cadmium values stand in sharp contrast to what has been published so far and make the average smokers of Canadian-made cigarettes medically unfit for employment in jobs associated with potential cadmium exposure.

PMID: 8079155, UI: 94360226

Abstract

Write to the Help Desk

NCBI | NLM | NIH

Department of Health & Human Services
Freedom of Information Act | Disclaimer